RAMBOLL AND THE UN SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

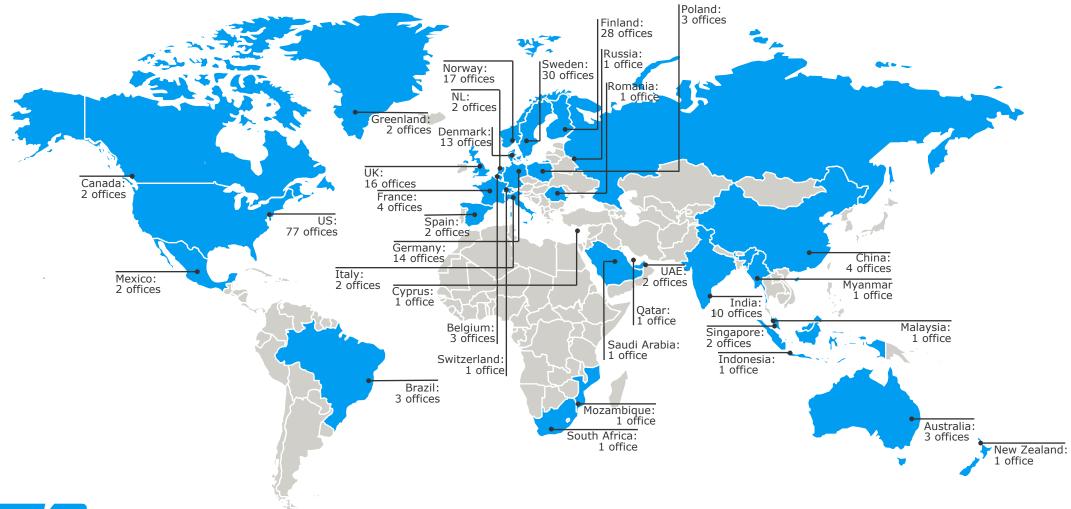
Ib Enevoldsen, Managing Director, Ramboll Denmark

RAMBOLL IN BRIEF

- Independent engineering and design consultancy and provider of management consultancy
- Founded 1945 in Denmark
- 15,000 experts
- Close to 300 offices in 35 countries
- Particularly strong presence in the Nordics, the UK, North America, Continental Europe, Middle East and Asia Pacific
- EUR 1.5 billion revenue
- Owned by Rambøll Fonden The Ramboll Foundation

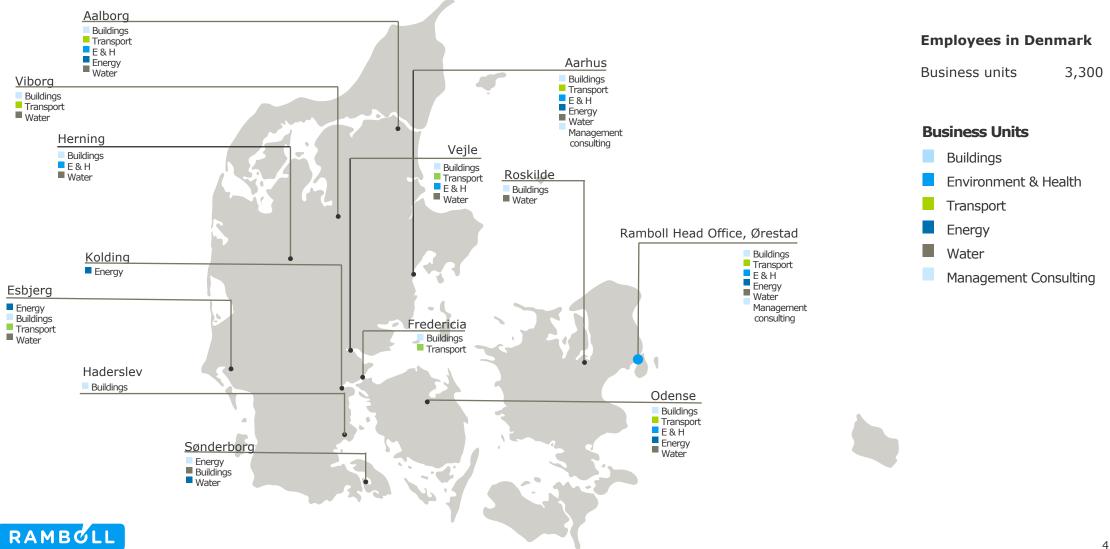


GEOGRAPHICAL FOOTPRINT





RAMBOLL IN DENMARK



HOW DO WE WORK WITH THE UN SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT **GOALS AT RAMBOLL?**

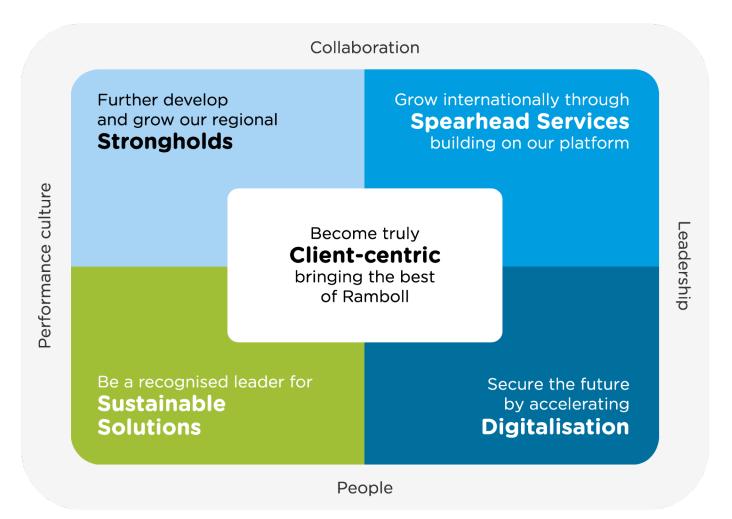


OUR FUNDAMENTALS LEAD THE WAY

OUR LI		
MISSION	Create sustainable societies where people and nature flourish	
VISION	A globally leading consultancy delivering integrated and sustainable solutions, shaping today and tomorrow	
	Insight & Excellence	Integrity & Empathy
	Empowerment & Collaboration	Enjoyment & Passion
COMMITMENTS	Clients People	
	Society Company	
STRA	TEGY	



SUSTAINABILITY EMBEDDED IN OUR STRATEGY





MAKING SUSTAINABILITY OUR BUSINESS

Act Responsibly

Responsibility as agood corporate citizen

- Carbon footprint
- 2. Equality, Diversity, and Inclusion
- 3. Health, Safety, Security
- 4. Anti-corruption

RAMBOLL



Find Opportunities

Business opportunities within sustainability agenda

Strategy alignment 1.

2. Sustainability in Spearheads

Engaging with clients 3.

4. Processes and Tools



Inspire & Advocate

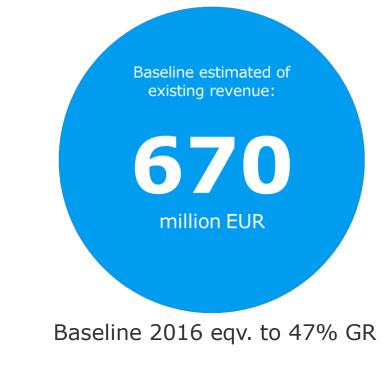
Position towardsour stakeholders

- 1. Partnerships
- Reporting (COP) 2.
- 3. Engage employees
- 4. Transparency in dilemmas

[Addtext]

SERVICES & SOLUTIONS DIRECTLY CONTRIBUTING TO ONE OR MORE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS





Target 2020 – 940m EUR

Direct impact = intended impact and main objective of projects implemented



ALL MARKETS CONTRIBUTE DIRECTLY TO THE SDGS WITH THEIR OWN FOCUS AND STRATEGY

BUILDINGS

TRANSPORT



WATER



ENVIRONMENT & HEALTH



ENERGY

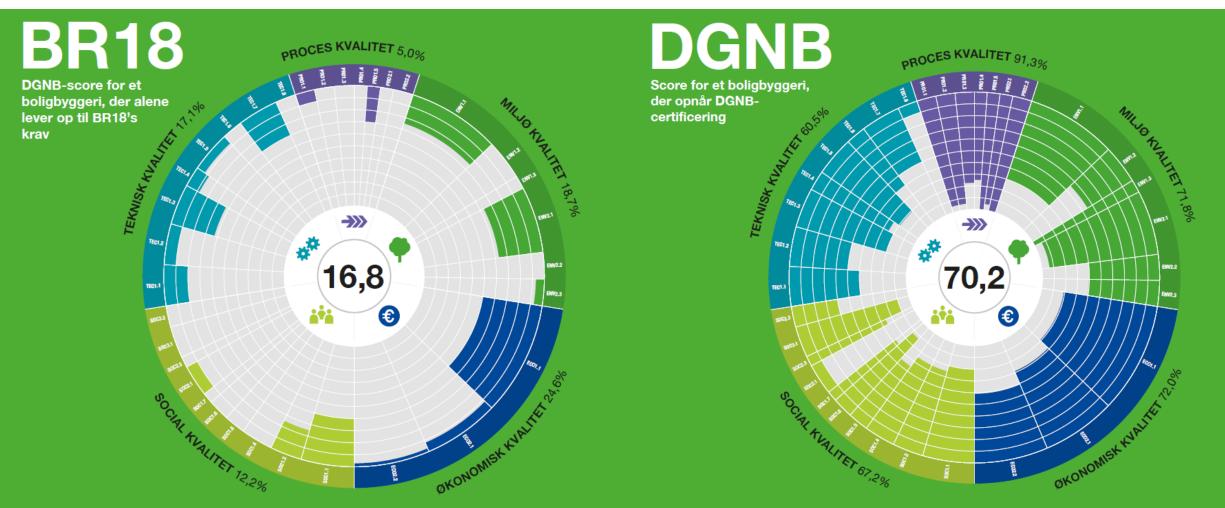


MANAGEMENT CONSULTING





SERVICES WITHIN SUSTAINABILITY, DGNB AND CIRCULAR CONSTRUCTION





CREATING SUSTAINABLE CITIES TOGETHER

INI

- Citizen survey in Denmark



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THE SURVEY – THE FIRST OF ITS KIND

- The survey investigates three dimensions of sustainability (environmental, economic and social) on a local level in Denmark through the perceptions of citizens.
- The study explores the citizens' perception of their cities' performance on the three dimensions and compares the cities.
- The survey has been carried out among Danes over the age of 18 living in the ten largest cities and three areas, each consisting of smaller cities.
- A total of 4,700 CAWI* interviews have been completed.

*Computer Assisted Web Interviewing



Cities – Numbers of respondents

Copenhagen: 500	Vejle: 300
Aarhus: 500	Roskilde: 300
Odense: 500	Sjællandsområde:
Aalborg: 500	Slagelse, Holbæk and Næstved: 300
Esbjerg: 300	Southern Jutland Area:
Randers: 300	Haderslev, Sønderborg and Aabenraa: 300
Kolding: 300	Mid-Jutland Area:
Horsens: 300	Herning, Holstebro and Viborg: 300



RESEARCH AREAS



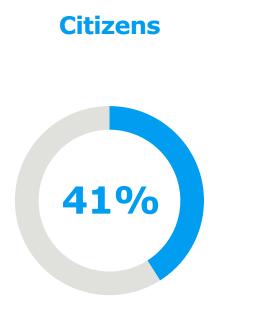




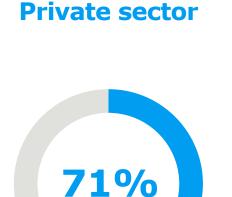
EXAMPLES ON SURVEY RESULTS AT A NATIONAL LEVEL



TO WHAT EXTENT ARE THE FOLLOWING RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING A SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT OF YOUR CITY?



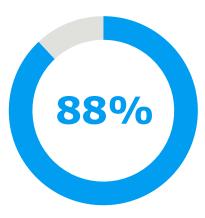
Share of citizens who believe that citizens are responsible or very responsible





Share of citizens who believe the private sector is responsible or very responsible

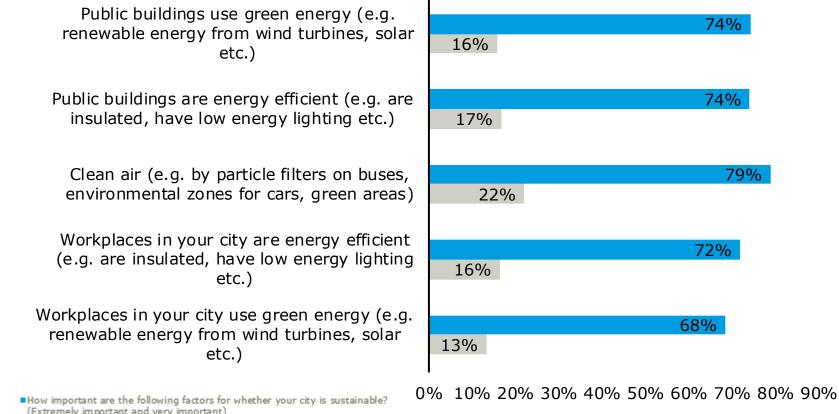
Public sector



Share of citizens who believe the public sector is responsible or very responsible



LARGEST DIFFERENCES (TOP 5) ACROSS CITIES AND AREAS

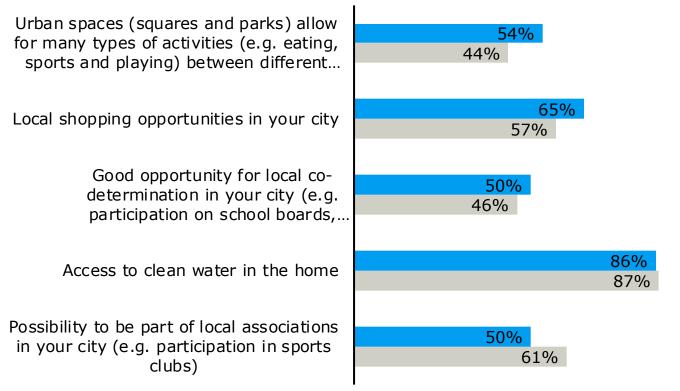


(Extremely important and very important) (Extremely important and very important) How well do the following factors apply to the city you live in? (To a very high

How well do the following factors apply to the city you live in? (To a very high degree and very well)



SMALLEST DIFFERENCES (BOTTOM 5) ACROSS CITIES AND AREAS



0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%

How important are the following factors for whether your city is sustainable? (Extremely important and very important)

How well do the following factors apply to the city you live in? (To a very high degree and very well)

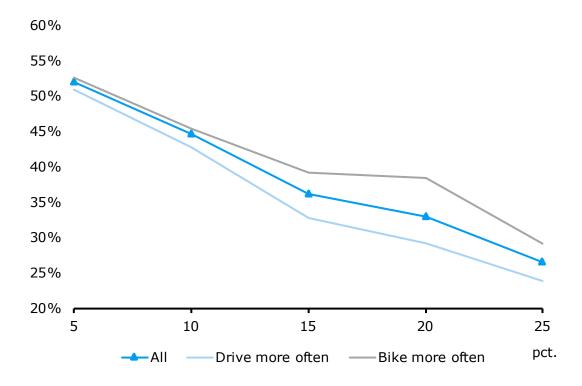


ARE YOU WILLING TO PAY MORE FOR YOUR TRAVELS WITH PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION, IF THESE ARE CO₂-NEUTRAL?

Responsibility

Share of citizens, who are willing to pay more for CO₂-neutral public transportation

Share of citizens, who are willing to pay more for a sustainable solution (pct.)

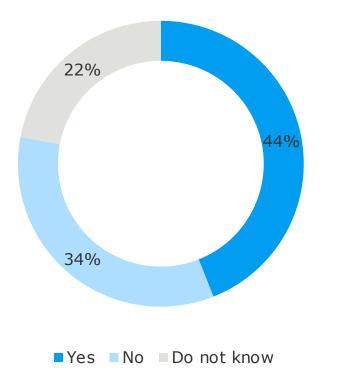


Observations

- 52 pct. of the citizens are willing to pay 5 pct. more for public transportation if it is CO₂ neutral. 27 pct. are willing to accept a price increase of 25 pct.
- Citizens who bike more often are more willing to pay compared to those that drive more often. The difference is especially clear at a price increase of **15** pct. and above.
- Compared with the other cities, more citizens In Aalborg answer yes across all price increases (45 pct.).
- **42 pct**. more citizens older than 55 say yes across all price increases compared to those between the age of 35 and 54, where **32 pct**. answer yes to all price increases.



ARE YOU WILLING TO PAY 5 PCT. MORE IN RENT OR HOUSING COSTS IF YOUR HOME IS BUILT OF RECYCLABLE MATERIALS AND IF THE HOME HAS A MODERN LOOK AND A MODERN QUALITY?



Observations

- **44 pct**. of citizens say yes to paying 5 pct. more in rent or housing costs if their home is built of recyclable materials.
- **35 pct**. of those between 55 and 95 answer no, while **29 pct**. of citizens between 18 and 3 answer no.
- 52 pct. of the citizens with a household income of more than 700.000 DKK per year are more willing to accept higher costs while 42 pct. of the citizens making less than 300,000 DKK are willing to do the same.
- **47 pct**. of women say yes while **40 pct**. of men do the same.
- 42 pct. of men and 26 pct. more than women answer no.



COMPARISON OF CITIES

Sustainable solutions and actions	Sønderjylland** Aal	borg A	arhus Es	bjerg Jylla	and*** Sj	ælland*** Hoi	rsens Cop	oenhagen Kold	ling Ode	nse Rar	nders Ros	skilde Vejl	e T	otal
Public buildings use green energy (e.g., renewable energy from wind turbines, solar etc.,)		58%	57%	50%	60%	66%	53%	57%	57%	63%	67%	65%	58%	58%
Public buildings are energy efficient (e.g. are insulated, have low energy lighting etc.)		54%	59%	56%	55%	63%	61%	57%	58%	58%	66%	56%	57%	57%
Clean air (e.g. by particle filters on buses, environmental zones for cars, green areas)		53%	59%	47%	49%	64%	58%	63%	55%	56%	69%	63%	53%	57%
Workplaces in your city are energy efficient (e.g. are insulated, have low energy lighting etc.)		54%	56%	55%	50%	62%	58%	51%	55%	55%	64%	56%	56%	55%
Workplaces in your city use green energy (e.g. renewable energy from wind turbines, solar etc.)		52%	57%	54%	51%	61%	51%	59%	56%	56%	62%	58%	47%	55%
Car and bus traffic in your city are CO2 neutral (i.e, using electricity)		37%	53%	45%	37%	50%	44%	59%	51%	54%	57%	50%	46%	48%
Good coherence in public transportation (e.g. possibility to transfer between buses and trains and to bring your bike on the bus) in your city		39%	52%	51%	46%	62%	46%	37%	57%	50%	62%	45%	37%	48%
Public buildings have a good indoor climate (e.g, have good lighting, air and no noise)		42%	42%	45%	46%	55%	57%	39%	45%	46%	50%	42%	51%	46%
Public buildings are built of building materials that are recycled or have a long life (e.g, concrete, brick)		40%	47%	38%	43%	48%	42%	46%	48%	51%	51%	50%	46%	45%
Workplaces in your city have a good indoor climate (e.g. have good lighting, air and no noise)		41%	39%	38%	43%	53%	44%	35%	39%	48%	44%	38%	45%	42%
Possibility of sorting waste at workplaces in your city	38%	37%	41%	41%	40%	39%	34%	46%	49%	50%	50%	36%	25%	4 1%
Workplaces are built of building materials that are recycled or have a long life (e.g. concrete, brick)	29%	31%	37%	34%	30%	42%	36%	48%	37%	38%	35%	38%	28%	36%
Good conditions for cyclists and pedestrians (e.g. safety in traffic, cycle superhighways, covered paths) in your city	31%	32%	38%	17%	36%	53%	48%	24%	50%	27%	50%	40%	23%	35%
Housing that is affordable to all in your city	23%	30%	45%	31%	31%	47%	27%	45%	42%	40%	16%	40%	26%	35%
Possibility of using green energy (e.g. renewable energy such as windmill, solar) in own home	28%	27%	37%	27%	31%	28%	33%	33%	32%	40%	38%	33%	33%	32%
Habitats for wildlife and plants in your city	21%	33%	42%	26%	27%	32%	33%	43%	28%	32%	39%	27%	22%	32%
Urban spaces (squares and parks) are protected against flooding	23%	29%	30%	30%	22%	43%	34%	37%	33%	25%	41%	31%	20%	3 1%
Urban spaces (squares and parks) have low noise (e.g. through noise-reducing asphalt, speed reductions and noise barriers)	27%	29%	27%	22%	28%	36%	34%	30%	34%	31%	36%	32%	25%	30%
Possibility to secure your home against flooding	17%	16%	18%	16%	17%	27%	22%	26%	27%	24%	19%	19%	25%	2 1%
Urban spaces (squares and parks) are safe (e.g. good lightning, clear sightlines, and many access points)	14%	20%	13%	20%	28%	37%	29%	14%	23%	25%	27%	15%	15%	2 1%
Historical buildings and places are preserved in your city	15%	15%	19%	15%	20%	37%	23%	25%	6%	20%	18%	15%	25%	19 %
Possibility of carpooling (i,e, more persons in a car driving to work) in your city	6%	15%	21%	20%	5%	25%	20%	17%	21%	24%	26%	23%	11%	18 %
Possibility of sorting waste in your home	11%	9%	10%	11%	16%	-3%	-6%	-5%	37%	40%	4%	1%	-4%	10 %
Urban spaces (squares and parks) allow for many types of activities (e.g. eating, sports and playing) between different people	10%	4%	7%	11%	16%	23%	18%	6%	1%	6%	19%	4%	11%	10 %
Local shopping opportunities in your city	19%	4%	-2%	7%	8%	28%	5%	6%	19%	10%	17%	2%	-9%	8%
Good opportunity for local co-determination in your city (e.g. participation on school boards, involvement in the local debate)	9%	-2%	-3%	5%	-1%	23%	5%	4%	4%	6%	10%	-2%	0%	4%
Access to clean water in the home		-1%	-2%	4%	-1%	1%	-2%	-4%	3%	1%	-4%	-6%	0%	- 1%
Possibility to be part of local associations in your city (e.g. participation in sports clubs)	0%	-21%	-14%	-11%	-6%	8%	-7%	-14%	-10%	-11%	-8%	-15%	-10%	- 10 %
Average	27%	28%	32%	29%	29%	40%	32%	32%	34%	34%	37%	31%	27%	

*Zealand is a cluster of Slagelse, Holbæk and Næstved **South Jutland is a cluster of Haderslev, Sønderborg and Aabenraa ***Jutland is a cluster of Herning, Holstebro and Viborg

Explanation of the colors:

Green mark the lowest number, yellow marks the 50th percentile and red mark the highest value. The darker the green, the lower the number , the darker the red the higher number relatively speaking.

THE SURVEY REFLECTS SELECTED SDG'S

If cities follow the citizens' recommendations, it will impact the following UN's sustainable development goals



